Hellenic Complex Systems Laboratory

Calculator for Diagnostic Accuracy Measures

Technical Report XIII

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Calculator for Diagnostic Accuracy Measures

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Search Terms: sensitivity, specificity, diagnostic test, clinical accuracy, diagnostic accuracy, positive predictive value, negative predictive value, likelihood ratio, odds ratio

Short Description of the Demonstration

This Demonstration calculates various accuracy measures of a diagnostic test for a disease. This is done for differing negative and positive test results of nondiseased and diseased populations. The measures calculated are the sensitivity, the specificity, the positive predictive value ("PPV"), the negative predictive value ("NPV"), the (diagnostic) odds ratio ("OR"), the likelihood ratio for a positive test result ("LR+"), and the likelihood ratio for a negative test result ("LR-"). The negative and positive test results of the nondiseased and diseased populations are selected using the sliders.

nondiseased population		
agative test result	population statist	ics
	total population	10 000
oositive test result 🛛 🖘 950	nondiseased	9500
	diseased	500
	prevalence of disease	0.050000
diseased population positive test result 450	diagnostic accuracy measures of the test	
	sensitivity	0.900000
	specificity	0.900000
	positive predictive value	0.321429
negative test result 📰 50	negative predictive value	0.994186
	odds ratio	81.000000
	likelihood ratio	9.000000
	for a positive result	
	likelihood ratio	0.111111
	for a negative result	

Figure 1: Population statistics and diagnostic accuracy measures of a diagnostic test, with the settings shown at the left.



Figure 2: Population statistics and diagnostic accuracy measures of a diagnostic test, with the settings shown at the left.

nondiseased population		
ponstive test result	population statistics	
6785	total population	8175
positive test result 🛛 🖬 583	nondiseased	7368
	diseased	807
	prevalence of disease	0.098716
diseased population positive test result	diagnostic accuracy measures of the test	
	sensitivity	0.898389
	specificity	0.920874
	positive predictive value	0.554281
negative test result m 82	negative predictive value	0.988059
	odds ratio	102.897649
	likelihood ratio	11.353912
	for a positive result	
	likelihood ratio	0.110342
	for a negative result	

Figure 3: Population statistics and diagnostic accuracy measures of a diagnostic test, with the settings shown at the left.

nondiseased population			
pagative test result	population statist	population statistics	
□ 1043	total population	1317	
positive test result 🛛 🖬 251	nondiseased	1294	
	diseased	23	
	prevalence of disease	0.017464	
diseased population positive test result	diagnostic accuracy measures of the test		
	sensitivity	0.782609	
	specificity	0.806028	
	positive predictive value	0.066914	
negative test result 📰 5	negative predictive value	0.995229	
	odds ratio	14.959363	
	likelihood ratio	4.034644	
	for a positive result		
	likelihood ratio	0.269707	
	for a negative result		

Figure 4: Population statistics and diagnostic accuracy measures of a diagnostic test, with the settings shown at the left.

Details

Sensitivity is the fraction of the diseased population with a positive test result, while specificity is the fraction of the nondiseased population with a negative test result. Positive predictive value is the fraction of the population with a positive test result that is diseased, while negative predictive value is the fraction of the population with a negative test result that is nondiseased. Prevalence of the disease is the ratio of the diseased population to the total (nondiseased and diseased) population. If we denote by *sens* the sensitivity, *spec* the specificity, and *pr* the prevalence, we have:

$$OR = \frac{\frac{sens}{1 - sens}}{\frac{1 - spec}{spec}}$$
$$LR + = \frac{sens}{1 - spec}$$
$$LR - = \frac{1 - sens}{spec}$$

The Demonstration is appropriate as an educational tool for medical students.

Source Code

Programming language: Wolfram Language Availability: The updated source code is available at: <u>https://www.hcsl.com/Tools/Demonstrations/CalculatorForDiagnosticAccuracyMeasures.nb</u>

Software Requirements

Operating systems: Microsoft Windows, Linux, Apple iOS Other software requirements: Wolfram Player[®], freely available at: <u>https://www.wolfram.com/player/</u> or Wolfram Mathematica[®].

System Requirements

Processor: x86-64 compatible CPU. System memory (RAM): 4GB+ recommended.

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